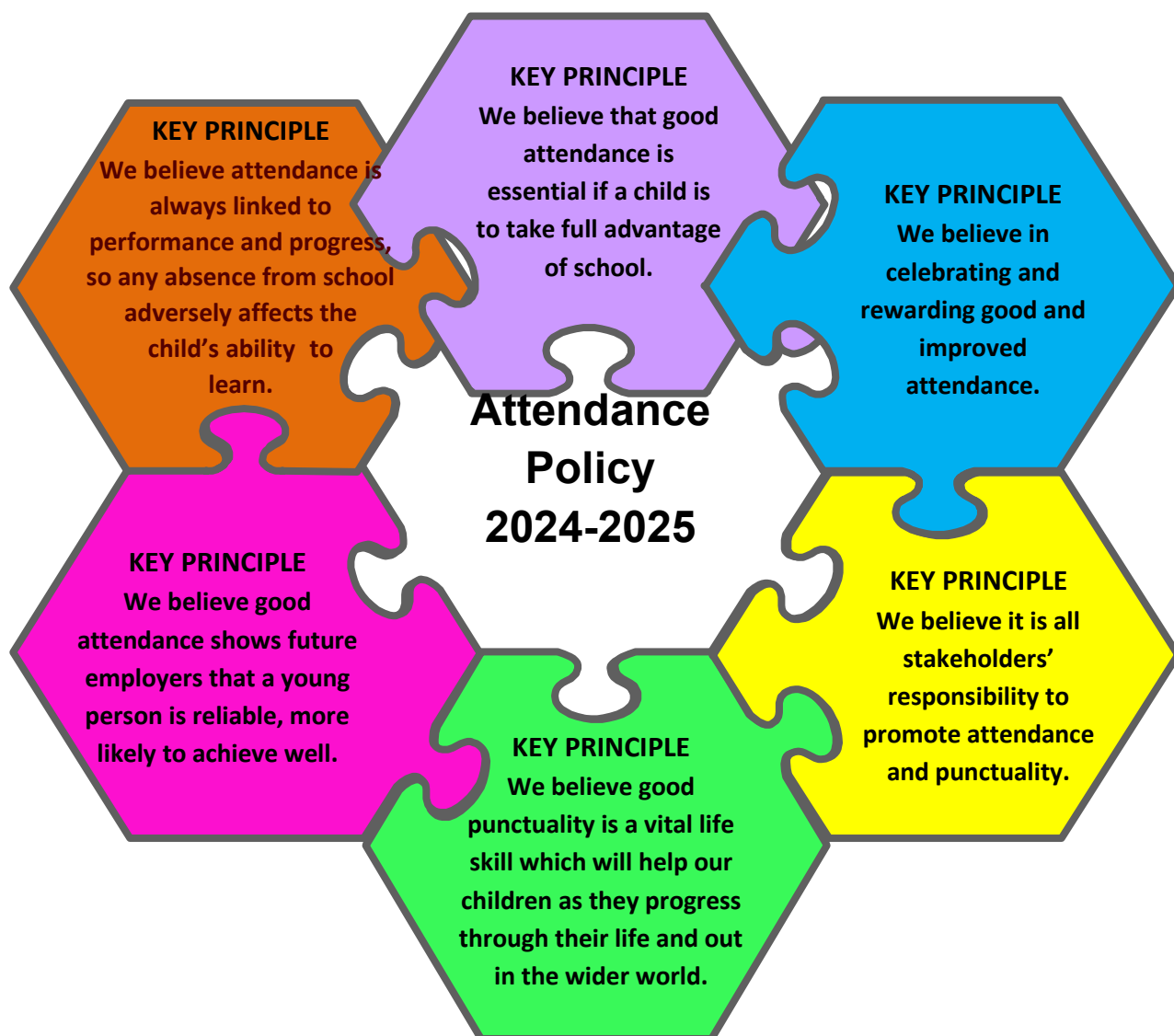


Ravensbury Community School



Approved by:

Governing Body

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Contents.....

1.0 Introduction..... 2

2.0 Legal Framework 3

3.0 Safeguarding..... 3

4.0 Categorising Absence 4

5.0 Roles and Responsibilities 5

6.0 Using Attendance Data..... 7

7.0 Support Systems 8

8.0 Legal Interventions 9

Appendix 1: Attendance Codes 11

Appendix 2: Traveller Family Absence..... 173

Appendix 3: Attendance Distributed Leadership Model..... 14

Appendix 4: School Procedures for Absence..... 18

Appendix 5: Escalation for No Contact; Non-Attendance..... 20

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Regular school attendance is essential if children are to achieve their full potential.
- 1.2 Ravensbury Community School believe that regular school attendance is the key to enabling children to maximise the educational opportunities available to them and become emotionally resilient, confident and competent adults who can realise their full potential and make a positive contribution to their community.
- 1.3 Ravensbury Community School values all pupils. As set out in this policy, we will build strong relationships with families to ensure pupils have the support in place to attend school and identify the reasons for poor attendance
- 1.4 Ravensbury Community School recognise that attendance is a matter for the whole school community. Our Attendance Policy should not be viewed in isolation; it is a strand that runs through all aspects of school improvement, supported by our policies on admissions, safeguarding, anti-bullying, child protection, safeguarding and behaviour and inclusive learning. This policy takes into account the Human Rights Act 1998, the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and the Race Relations Act 2000.

Beyond this legal duty, we know that the rich curriculum offered by Ravensbury is based on continuity and progression in pupil learning. Attendance is always linked to performance and progress, so any absence from school will adversely affect the pupil's own ability to participate and benefit from the learning programme.

- 1.5 This policy aims to show our commitment to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on working together to improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024), through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:
- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils
 - Promoting good attendance and the benefits of good attendance
 - Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence
 - Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
 - Acting early to address patterns of absence
 - Building strong relationships with families to make sure pupils have the support in place to attend school

We will also promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

The school has an attendance policy and its aim is to provide a framework in which children, staff and parents can work together. Our school celebrates achievement, and attendance is a critical factor to a productive and successful school. Our school will actively promote and encourage 100% attendance for all our pupils. Good attendance is an achievement and will be recognised with awards such as certificates and prizes. The school will monitor attendance and ensure quick and early intervention if a problem is identified. All staff will encourage punctuality and good attendance and will liaise with home and other agencies about a child's attendance when this is appropriate

Beyond life in school, key skills and attributes required by adults are reliable attendance and punctuality during their working life. Research shows that pupils with poor attendance at school very rarely achieve the high attendance standards expected by further and higher education and by the world of work.

2.0 Legal Framework

- 2.1 This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance 'Working together to improve school attendance (*effective from 19th August 2024*) and school attendance parental responsibility measures.

The guidance is based on the following legislation, which set out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 3 of the Education Act 2002
- Part 7 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006
- The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2016 amendments)
- The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

It also refers to:

- School Census Guidance
- Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools

3.0 Safeguarding

- 3.1 Every pupil should be able to learn in an enjoyable and safe environment and be protected from harm. We respect and value all children and are committed to providing a caring, friendly and safe environment for all our pupils so they can learn and participate in all school activities in a relaxed and secure atmosphere.
- 3.2 Attending school regularly promotes the welfare and safety of children whilst they are not in the care of their parents/carers. Safeguarding is about offering early help and support to children and families and difficulties with attendance and lateness may be signs that something is worrying the child or that there are difficulties within the family. Poor or irregular attendance, persistent lateness, or children missing from education may be considered a safeguarding matter if this places a child at risk of harm.
- 3.3 Safeguarding the interests of each child is everyone's responsibility and within the context of this school; safeguarding and promoting the welfare and life opportunities for children encompasses: Attendance, Behaviour Management, Health and Safety, Access to the Curriculum and Anti-bullying, protecting children from abuse and neglect, online safety, radicalisation and extremism, FGM and CSE.
- 3.4 More information on safeguarding and the protection of children can be found in the schools Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.
- 3.5 In order to allow us to safeguard the children in our care it is important that parents and carers provide the school with their current contact details and provide at least three other contact numbers in case of emergency.
- 3.6 It is also important for parents to inform the school of any specific vulnerability in relation to their child or home circumstances.

4.0 Categorising Absence

4.1 Where pupils of compulsory school age are recorded as absent, the register must show whether the absence is authorised or unauthorised.

4.2 Absence can only be authorised by the headteacher and cannot be authorised by parents. All absences will be treated as unauthorised unless a satisfactory explanation for the pupil's absence has been received.

4.3 Parents must advise the school by telephone or on School Spider on the first day of absence and provide the school with an expected date of return. This should be followed up in the form of a written note from the parent/carer, though verbal explanations may be acceptable where this is considered appropriate.

4.4 Absence will be categorised as follows:

4.4.1 **Illness** Parents may be asked to provide medical evidence to allow the head teacher to authorise absence where appropriate. This will usually be in the form of an appointment card, prescription etc.

4.4.2 **Medical/Dental Appointments** Parents are advised where possible to make medical and dental appointments outside of the school day. Where this is not possible, pupils must attend school for part of the day. Parents must show the appointment card to school.

4.4.3 **Other Authorised Circumstances** This relates to where there is cause for absence due to exceptional circumstances.

4.4.4 **Suspended or Excluded (No alternative provision made)** Exclusion from attending school is counted as an authorised absence. The child's class teacher will make arrangements for work to be sent home.

4.4.5 **Religious Observance** Ravensbury Community School acknowledges the multi-faith nature of British society and recognises that on some occasions, religious festivals may fall outside school holiday periods or weekends and this necessitates a consideration by written request by the parent of authorised absence.

4.4.6 **Study Leave** Study leave may be granted for Year 11 pupils approaching GCSE examinations. School will offer in school study programmes during this period to reduce absence levels.

4.4.7 **Traveller Absence** It is expected that Traveller children, in common with all other children, are to attend school as regularly and as frequently as possible (*see Appendix 2*)

4.4.8 **Late Arrival** Registration begins at 8.50am, pupils arriving after this time will be marked as present but arriving late (code L). The register will close at 9.15am (*no more than thirty minutes after the opening of the register*) pupils arriving after the close of register will be recorded as late, (code U). this is not authorised.

On arrival after the close of register, pupils must immediately report to the school office to ensure that we can be responsible for their health and safety whilst they are in school. The absence will only be authorised if a satisfactory explanation for the late arrival can be provided, for example, attendance at a medical appointment. The absence will be recorded as unauthorised if the pupil has arrived late without justifiable cause.

4.4.9 **Unauthorised absence** - Absence will not be authorised unless parents have provided a satisfactory explanation and that it has been accepted as such by the head teacher.

Examples of unauthorised absence are;

- Days off for birthdays or shopping trips
- Keeping all the children at home if one of them is ill
- Feeling too tired to attend school
- Visiting relatives
- Bad weather

4.4.10 A full list of the Department for Education (DfE) Registration Codes can be found in Appendix 1

4.5 All requests for leave of absence in term time, including holidays, will be responded to in writing.

4.5.1 If a pupil fails to return from a leave of absence and contact with the parents has not been made or received, school may take the pupil off the school's roll in compliance with the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2013. This means that the child will lose their school place.

4.5.2 If permission to take leave is not granted and the parent takes their child out of school the absence will be unauthorised. In such cases the school may request the local authority issue a Penalty Notice or consider other legal sanctions including prosecution in the magistrates court. This will follow Manchester's Statutory Action Escalation Pathway.

5.0 Roles and Responsibilities

5.1 Governance

The governing board is responsible for:

- Promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school
- Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance
- Holding the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy
- Make sure that the schools attendance management system is delivered effectively.
- Making sure the school has high aspirations for all pupils but adapts processes to pupil individual needs
- Helen Bamber is the link governor for attendance. She meets with the attendance term termly to monitor school attendance.

5.2 The Headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- Implementation of this policy at the school
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Requesting statutory action in line with Manchester's Statutory Action Escalation Pathway or authorising Attendance Officer.

- Ensuring effective communication between school, the Local Authority and parents/carers of pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEND) where there are barriers to attendance which relates to the pupils needs
- Following Manchester City Council's Children Missing Education (CME) Protocol when a pupil's whereabouts is unknown

5.3 **The designated Senior Leader responsible for School Attendance**

The designated Senior Leader is responsible for:

- Leading attendance across the school
- Offering a clear vision for attendance improvement
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
- Having an oversight of data analysis
- Devising specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data
- Arranging calls and meetings with parents to discuss attendance issues
- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence and making sure they are followed by all staff.
- The designated Senior Leader responsible for attendance is Mrs M Hughes and can be contacted via 0161 223 0370

5.4 **The Attendance Officer**

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

- Monitoring and analysing attendance data (see section 7)
- Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement
- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the designated senior leader responsible for attendance and the headteacher
- Working with the local authority and other key stakeholders to tackle persistent and severe absence
- Liaising with the headteacher (authorized by the headteacher) as to when a request for statutory action in line with Manchester's Statutory Action Escalation Pathway is appropriate.
- The attendance officers are Mrs A Roberts/Ms R Giblin and can be contacted via 0161 223 0370

5.5 **Senior Mental Health Lead**

A Senior Mental Lead I responsible for:

- Strategic oversight for setting a whole school approach to mental health and wellbeing
- Promoting the health and wellbeing of children and young people in school
- Action taken aligned to Manchester's Emotional Barriers to School Attendance (EBSA) pathway.

5.6 **Class teachers**

Class teachers are responsible for:

- recording attendance on a daily basis, using the correct codes, and submitting this information to the school office on the same day.

5.7 **School office staff**

School office staff will:

- Take calls from parents and carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents and carers to the attendance lead in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance.

5.8 **Parents/carers**

Parents/carers are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 8.50am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
- Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Engage with school support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance by contacting Mrs A Roberts.

5.9 **Pupils**

Pupils are expected to:

- Attend school every day on time

6.0 **Attendance Data**

6.1 Use of Attendance Data

The school will:

Monitor attendance and absence data half-termly, termly, and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil level.

Identify whether there are groups of children whose absences may be a cause for concern or particular cohorts of pupils where attendance is affecting their achievement/outcomes.

Pupil-level absence data will be collected each term and published at national and Local Authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases.

The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics. The school will compare attendance data to the national average and share this with the Governing Board.

6.2 **Analysing attendance data**

The school will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify pupils or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance, and use this analysis to provide targeted support to these pupils and their families
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

- Identify pupils whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence

6.3 Using data to improve attendance

The school will:

- Provide regular attendance reports to class teachers and other school leaders, to facilitate discussions with pupils and families
- Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies
- Provide targeted support to the pupils it has identified whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence, and their families

6.4 Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school.

The school will:

- Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable, or are persistently or severely absent, to discuss attendance and engagement at school
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Use attendance data to identify pupils at risk of persistent absence and severe absence
- Send letters to parents whose children are at risk of persistent absence or severe absence
- Meet with parents whose children are at risk of persistent absence or severe absence
- Closely monitor children at risk of persistent absence or severe absence and offer support

7.0 Support Systems

7.1 School recognise that poor attendance is often an indication of difficulties and trauma in a child's life. This may be related to problems at home and/or in school. Parents should make school aware of any difficulties or changes in circumstances that may affect their child's attendance and/or behaviour in school, for example, bereavement, divorce/separation, incidents of domestic abuse. This will help the school identify any additional support that may be required. It is expected that the child and their family work collaboratively with school to identify the anxiety-based school avoidance resources most appropriate for support or advised.

7.2 Ravensbury Community School also recognise that some pupils are more likely to require additional support to attain good attendance, for example, those pupils with special educational needs, those with physical or mental health needs, migrant and refugee pupils and children with a social worker.

7.3 The school will implement a range of strategies to support improved attendance for all pupils. Strategies used will include:

- Sharing attendance data with parents each half term
- Celebrating and rewarding good and outstanding attendance each half term; attendance bugs/bookmarks
- Celebrating and rewarding good and outstanding attendance each term; attendance assemblies to award certificates and badges.
- Celebrate and reward improved attendance; postcards home
- Weekly attendance for each class reported and displayed on attendance board and website
- Class with highest weekly attendance are rewarded with 5 minutes extra breaktime.
- Weekly attendance league announced in assembly; class at the top of the league can choose a class reward.
- Attendance contracts
- Referrals to support agencies such as Early Help or M Thrive Hubs
- Pupil Voice Activities
- Use of Emotional Barriers to School Attendance Pathway (EBSA)
- Trauma-informed approaches
- Time limited part time time-tables
- Inclusion Strategy Toolkit
- Reintegration support packages

7.4 If a pupil has an Education, Health & Care Plan, Ravensbury Community School will communicate with Manchester City Council EHCP Team at an early stage once they become aware of barriers to attendance that relate to the child's needs.

7.5 Where parents fail or refuse to engage with the support offered and further unauthorised absence occurs, Ravensbury Community School **may consider the use of legal sanctions following Manchester City Councils Code of Conduct**

8.0 Legal Sanctions

8.1 Ravensbury Community School will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis

Penalty notices

8.2 Manchester City Council, upon a request from school, can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice

8.3 Before requesting a legal sanction, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether appropriate support has been put in place
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

8.4 Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent/parents who allowed the absence

8.5 The payment must be made directly to the local authority. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice

- 8.6 If issued with a first penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days
- 8.7 If a second penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil, the parent must pay £160 if paid within 28 days
- 8.8 A third penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

Notice to Improve

- 8.9 If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, a Notice to Improve letter will be issued in line with processes set out in by Manchester City Council's Code of Conduct. This will include a clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the monitoring period which will be up to 6 weeks. Sufficient improvement will be decided on a case-by-case basis.

Appendix 1 – Attendance Codes

The following codes are taken from the DfE’s guidance on school attendance

Code	Definition	Scenario
/	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
Attending at a place other than at school		
K	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority	Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority
V	Attending an educational visit or trip	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school
P	Participating in a sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
W	Attending work experience	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement
B	Attending any other approved educational activity	Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience
D	Dual registration	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
Absent – approved leave of absence		
C1	Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad	Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school
M	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment
J1	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
S	Study leave	Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination
X	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend
C2	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable
C	Exceptional circumstances	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances
Absent – other authorised reasons		
T	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a ‘mobile child’ who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health)
E	Suspended or excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause		

Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school
Y1	Transport not available	Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available
Y2	Widespread disruption to travel	Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency
Y3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open
Y4	Whole school site unexpectedly	Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)
Y5	Criminal justice detention	Pupil is unable to attend as they are: - In police detention - Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or - Detained under a sentence of detention
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law
Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
Absent – unauthorised absence		
G	Holiday not granted by the school	Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes (must be cleared at least weekly)
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session
Administrative codes		
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays

Appendix 2: Traveller Family Absence

To protect Traveller parents from unreasonable prosecution for non-attendance, the Education Act 1996, section 444(6), states that a Traveller parent is safe from prosecution if their child accrues 200 attendances (i.e. 200 half days) in the year preceding the absence. This applies only when the family proves it is engaged in a trade or business that requires it to travel and when the child is attending school as regularly as that trade permits.

When in or around Manchester, if a family can reasonably travel back to their Base School (see below) then the expectation is that their child will attend full-time.

Ravensbury Community School will be regarded as the base school if it is the school where the child normally attends when they are not travelling. However, the pupil must have attended in the last 18 months. Traveller children can register at other schools temporarily while away from their base school, in such cases, the pupil's school place at Ravensbury Community School will be kept open for them whilst travelling. This is to protect them from unfairly losing their place at their school of usual attendance.

Ravensbury Community School can only effectively operate as the child's base school if it is engaged in on-going dialogue with Traveller families. This means that parents must:

- Advise of their forthcoming travelling patterns before they happen; and
- Inform the school regarding proposed return dates

Ravensbury Community school will authorise absence of Traveller children if we are satisfied that a family is travelling for work or trade purposes and has given indication that they intend to return.

Traveller children will be recorded as attending an approved educational activity when:

The child is on roll and attending another visited school

Undertaking supervised educational activity under the jurisdiction of another Local Authority's Traveller Education Service

The child is undertaking computer-based distance learning that is time evidenced

Where Traveller children are registered pupils at a school and are known to be present either at a site (official or otherwise) or in a house and are not attending school, the absence will be investigated in the same way as that for any pupil and appropriate statutory action may be undertaken.

Appendix 3 – Attendance Distributed Leadership Model

Managing absence

A school day is calculated as two sessions, one in the morning and one in the afternoon. As explained above, attendance below 96% is considered to be poor. Attendance between 91% and 95% is classified as yellow and attendance below 90% is classified as red. If a child's attendance falls into any of these categories it will be carefully monitored and appropriate actions taken. Of course the school recognises that pupils may suffer from short term illnesses or ongoing medical conditions which have been confirmed by medical professionals and such absences will be authorised by the school.

Attendance during one school year missed	Equals this number of days absent	Equals this number of sessions absent	Which approximates to this many weeks absent
90%	19 days	38 sessions	4 weeks
80%	38 days	72 sessions	8 weeks
70%	57 days	114 sessions	11.5 weeks

In the last week of every half term the school holds an attendance and punctuality review. Each child's attendance will be RAG'd as purple, green, yellow or red. The following procedures will take place accordingly

PURPLE

Pupils with attendance between 98% and 100%

- Attendance between 98% and 100% is outstanding
- Parents will receive a letter home congratulating them on their child's outstanding attendance.
- Pupils will be rewarded within the school's award systems in recognition of outstanding attendance.
- Pupils with this level of termly and annual attendance will receive a certificate of achievement in assembly each term.
- A member of the Senior Leadership Team will monitor the effectiveness of interventions. This will be used to review and inform whole school self-evaluation and impact of interventions.
- Pupils will receive a gift voucher at the end of the year
- Pupils with 100% attendance for the year will be entered into a prize draw

GREEN

Pupils with attendance between 96% and 97%

- Attendance between 96% and 97% is good
- Parents will receive a letter home congratulating them on their child's good attendance.
- Pupils will be rewarded within the school's award systems in recognition of good/excellent attendance.
- Pupils with this level of termly and annual attendance will receive a certificate of achievement in assembly each term.
- A member of the Senior Leadership Team will monitor the effectiveness of interventions. This will be used to review and inform whole school self-evaluation and impact of interventions.
- Pupils will receive a gift voucher at the end of the year

AMBER

Pupils with attendance between 91% and 95%

- Attendance between 91% and 95% is of concern.
- Class teacher will speak to the pupil to :
- Confirm with the pupil the reason for absence and offer any support that may be required.
- Update the pupil on other work they have missed and support any catch up required.
- Set an individual attendance target for the pupil to support improving their attendance
- Agree a review date
- In addition, where unauthorised absence has occurred or attendance has not improved following the review with the pupil, a letter will be sent to parents advising of concern and outlining the parents' responsibilities

Where improvement has not occurred following this intervention, parents will be invited to a meeting where the possible outcomes will be:

- All parties confident that issues have been resolved and the attendance will improve.
- Does the family need support through an Early Help Assessment?
- Is a referral needed or additional mentoring to support pupil?

However we recognise that there may be a valid reason for attendance in the amber band.

Pupils with attendance below 90%

- Pupils who have attendance below 90% are persistently absent and pupils below 50% are considered severely absent from school and attendance at this level is serious concern
- A member of SLT with a member of pastoral staff will speak to the pupil to:
 - Identify underlying in school barriers that may be causing the pupil's absence
 - Identify underlying any out of school barriers that may be causing the pupil's absence and consider appropriate support such as early help, Manchester Thrive Hubs etc.
 - Review the pupil's academic progress and make links to the pupil's attendance
 - Make arrangements for the pupil to catch up on work they have missed
 - Implement a Pastoral Support Plan or review other existing pupil plans to include support and improve attendance. If other agencies are involved is a multi-agency meeting or review required to address concerns?
- Set an individual attendance target for the pupil before the next review dates and agree a review date
- Multi-agency meeting to address concerns
- Where appropriate statutory action
- The headteacher will report to the Chair of Governors/Governor for Attendance each half term and will report termly to the Governing Body on the percentage PA and SA In addition, where unauthorised absence has occurred or attendance has not improved following the review with the pupil, a letter will be sent to parent/carer advising of concern and possible future statutory action.

If improvement has not occurred following this intervention, parents will be invited to a meeting where the possible outcomes will be:

- All parties confident that issues have been resolved and the attendance will improve.
- Parenting contract agreed
- Penalty Notice 15 school day monitoring period commences
- Agree a review date
- Where parents fail to attend the meeting without a satisfactory reason and unauthorised absence has occurred, the penalty notice monitoring period will automatically commence.

Where these interventions have already been implemented and have had unsatisfactory impact, the parent will be invited to an Attendance Panel where the possible outcomes will be:

- Offer support through an Early Help Assessment (EHA) with the school acting as lead professional
- Where a parent fails to attend the meeting without providing a satisfactory reason, a minimum of two home visits with the purpose to engage with the parent will be carried out prior to referral to the Local Authority
- Consider who will be responsible for all action and outcomes and monitoring of attendance post meeting/panel etc.

To ensure that intervention is focused and meets the needs of individuals, pupils may be grouped into any of the following categories to ensure they receive personalized support to meet need and address reasons for absence.

- Looked After Children and Children on the Child Protection Register
- Special Educational Needs
- Parental support/needs e.g. parental drug use, young carers, domestic violence
- School issues e.g. bullying, poor teacher/pupil relationship, curriculum issues
- Offended or have an Anti-Social Behaviour Order

- English as an Additional Language
- Ethnic minority
- Mid-Year Admissions

Each cohort will have an identified member of staff who will:

- Ensure that the pupil has already spoken to a member of staff at the stages preceding RED intervention (RED - AMBER intervention will occur in cases where the pupil has immediately fallen from GREEN into RED)
- Obtain records of previous contact and interventions as set out in RED - AMBER and escalate accordingly
- Ensure that weekly contact occurs with the pupil either individually
- Ensure that weekly contact with the parents to discuss any arising issues and to provide feedback on their child's attendance, behaviour and academic progress.
- Review existing plans and co-ordinate school resources to support the pupil's attendance and any additional needs
- Be the key contact person for any external agency working with the pupil

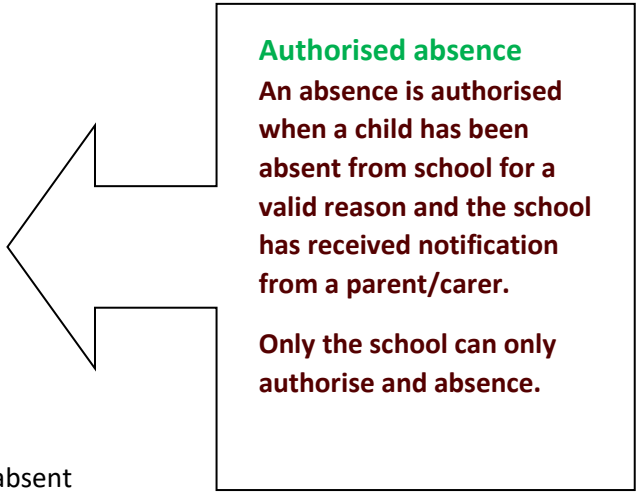
However we recognise that there may be a valid reason for attendance falling in the red band.

Appendix 4: School Procedures for Absence

If a pupil is absent from school the parent or carer must:

1. Telephone the school office on the first day of absence to report their child's absence and give the reason. This must be done before 9.30 am. Parents may call into the school and report to reception.
2. If the child is absent from school for subsequent days then the parent must contact the school on a daily basis.
3. If the child continues to be absent from school with a medical condition or illness the parent must present evidence that medical attention has been sought.

If the parent follows the correct procedures as outlined above this will be recorded as an authorised absence. Evidence may be required in some cases.



Authorised absence
An absence is authorised when a child has been absent from school for a valid reason and the school has received notification from a parent/carer.

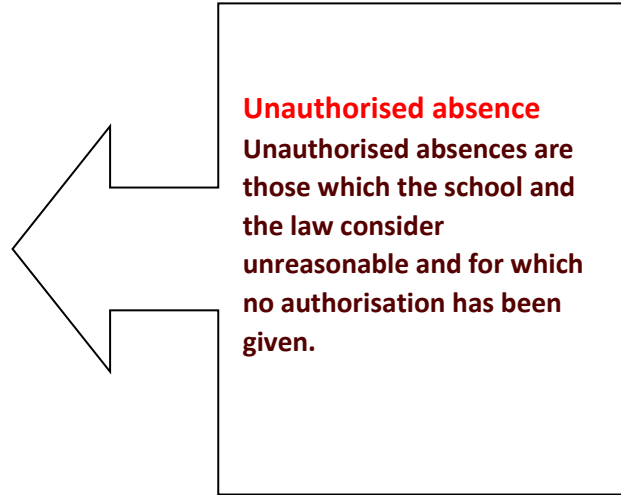
Only the school can only authorise and absence.

If no contact is received from the parent or carer about a pupil absent from school on the first morning of absence the school will:

1. Contact the parent by telephone or text asking them to contact the school.
2. If no contact is made, the PSA will call at the house. If still no contact can be made with parents a slip will be posted asking the parent to contact the school within the next 24hrs.
3. If no contact is made this is recorded as an unauthorised absence.

Unauthorised absences may include some of the following include:

- Parents keeping children off school unnecessarily
- Absence which have been properly explained
- Leave of absence not agreed
- Illnesses where the child is considered well enough to attend school
- Children who arrive at school too late to get a mark
- Shopping including uniform and shoes or waiting for their uniform to dry
- A pupil's or family members birthday
- Pupils report that "parents could not get up"
- Day trips
- Extended appointments
- Illness of a sibling



Unauthorised absence
Unauthorised absences are those which the school and the law consider unreasonable and for which no authorisation has been given.

Holidays in Term Time

In 1st September 2013 the Government rules changed in relation to holidays or trips during term time. We are no longer allowed to authorise leave for holidays or trips during term time.

Parents need to be aware that if their child is out of school for holidays or trips, legal action for unauthorised absences is taken

Religious observance

On some occasions religious festivals may fall outside school holidays or weekends. It is reasonable for a parent to allow their children not to attend school on a day of religious observance if it is recognised by the parents religious body. Parents are requested to give advance notice to school if they intend their child to be absent for religious observance. No more than 3 days in total in an academic will be authorised.

Our expectations for punctuality are:

That all pupils arrive on time and are ready to learn. They must attend on time to be given a mark for a session. Good time keeping is a vital life skill which will help our children as they progress through their life and out in the wider world. The school doors are open to pupils from 8.40am. Pupils will be greeted on the playground. Pupils arriving after 8.50am are late.

School procedure for lateness and persistent absence

Any pupil arriving after 8.50am will be considered late and they will be expected to enter school through the Main entrance. Persistent lateness without justifiable cause is not acceptable and will trigger action by the school. The school registers close at 9.20am. Any pupil who arrives after this time without good reason will incur an unauthorised absence. If a child is persistently late the parent will be asked to meet with the Headteacher and/or PSA. Persistent lateness may lead to legal sanctions.

Ravensbury Community School

Attendance Protocol Flowchart



Day 1 of absence

Office to send 1st day Absence text (unless vulnerable or persistent absentee, then call ASAP and PSA to do a home visit and leave a note).

According to our Register #NAME is not in school today. Please call with the reason for this absence . Thanks



Day 2 of absence

Office to call and send absence text (unless vulnerable or persistent absentee, then call ASAP and PSA to do a home visit and leave a note).

Hi, it's XXX from Ravensbury Community School. Just checking in that everything is okay as XXX hasn't been in school again today. Please ring school on 0161 223 0370 with the reason for this absence. Thanks



Day 3 of absence

Office to call and send Day 3 Urgent Contact' text ' if no answer., PSA to visit and leave a note. Police welfare check.

Hi, this is the 3rd day we haven't heard from you about why #NAME is absent form school. The situation is now extremely urgent and could result in a welfare check by the Police. Please call us on 0161 223 0370 when you get this message. Thanks